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Instituut voor Landbouw-,
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Effects of electrolyzed-reduced water and functional amino acid supplementation in drinking water to alleviate heat stress in broilers

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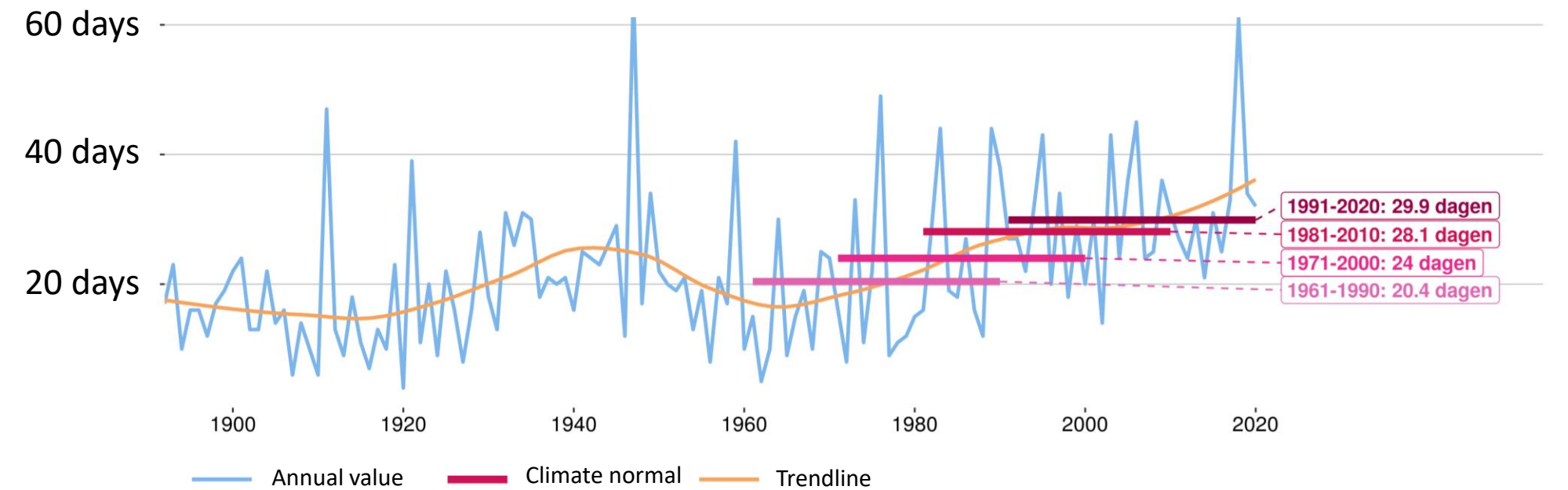
HEAT STRESS

BELGIUM



Annual number of warm days in Belgium between 1892 – 2020

Warm day = day with a maximum temperature equal to or higher than 25 °C



→ Increase in: number of warm days, duration of heat waves, maximum temperature

HEAT STRESS

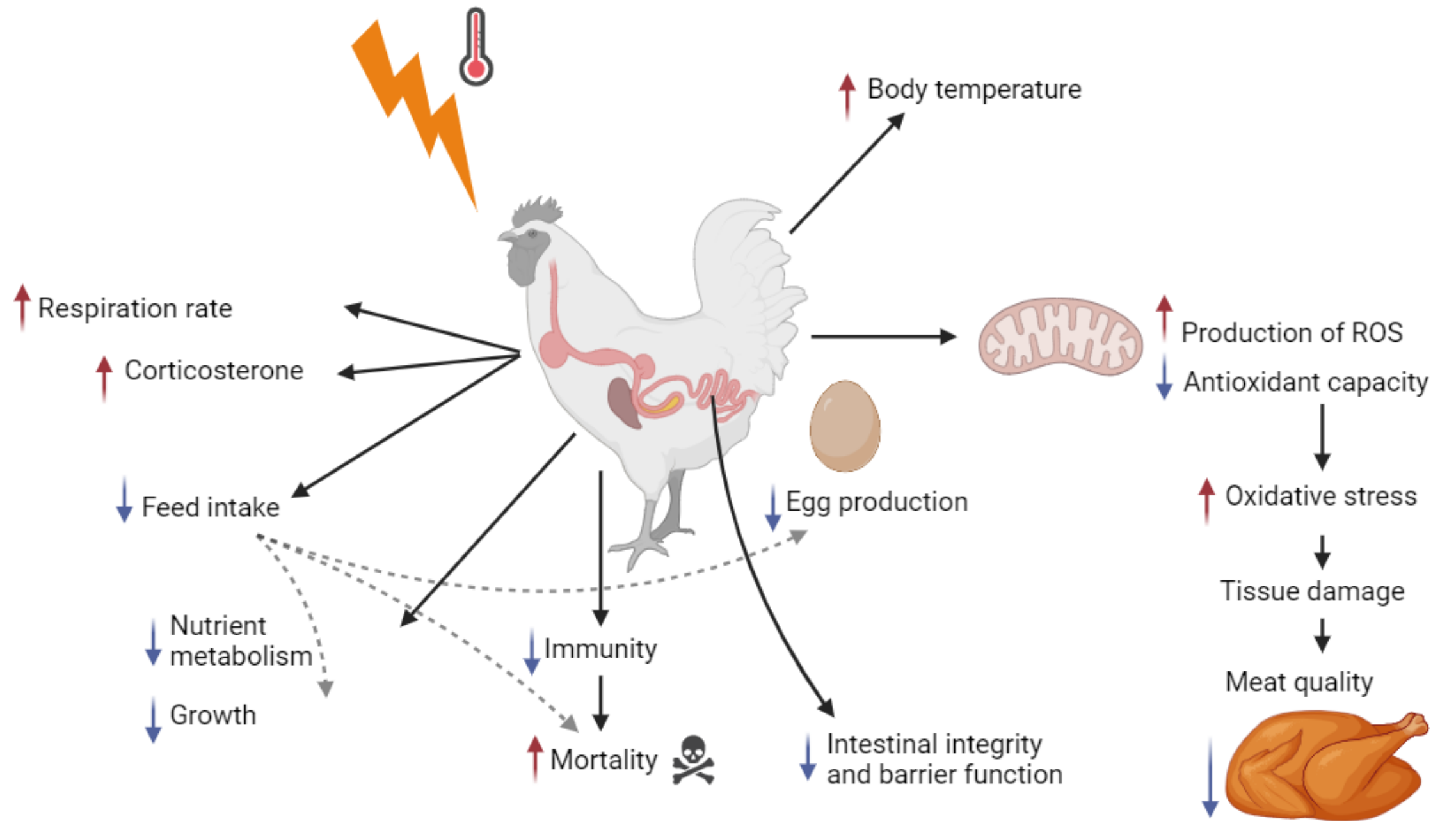
POULTRY

Poultry Sensitive:

- Feathers
- Lack of sweat glands
- High metabolic heat production

Consequences:

- ↓ Animal welfare
- ↓ Feed intake
- ↓ Quality end products
- Economic losses
- Mortality



EXPERIMENTAL SET-UP

Breed:

- Ross 308
- Male

Feed:

- Commercial standard feed (3 phases)

Treatments:

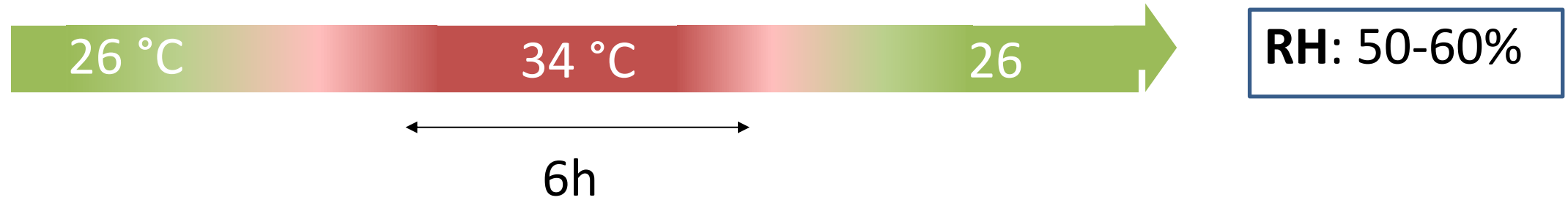
- 4 treatments (drinking water)
- D25 -39
- 9 pen replicates per treatment
- 20 chickens per pen



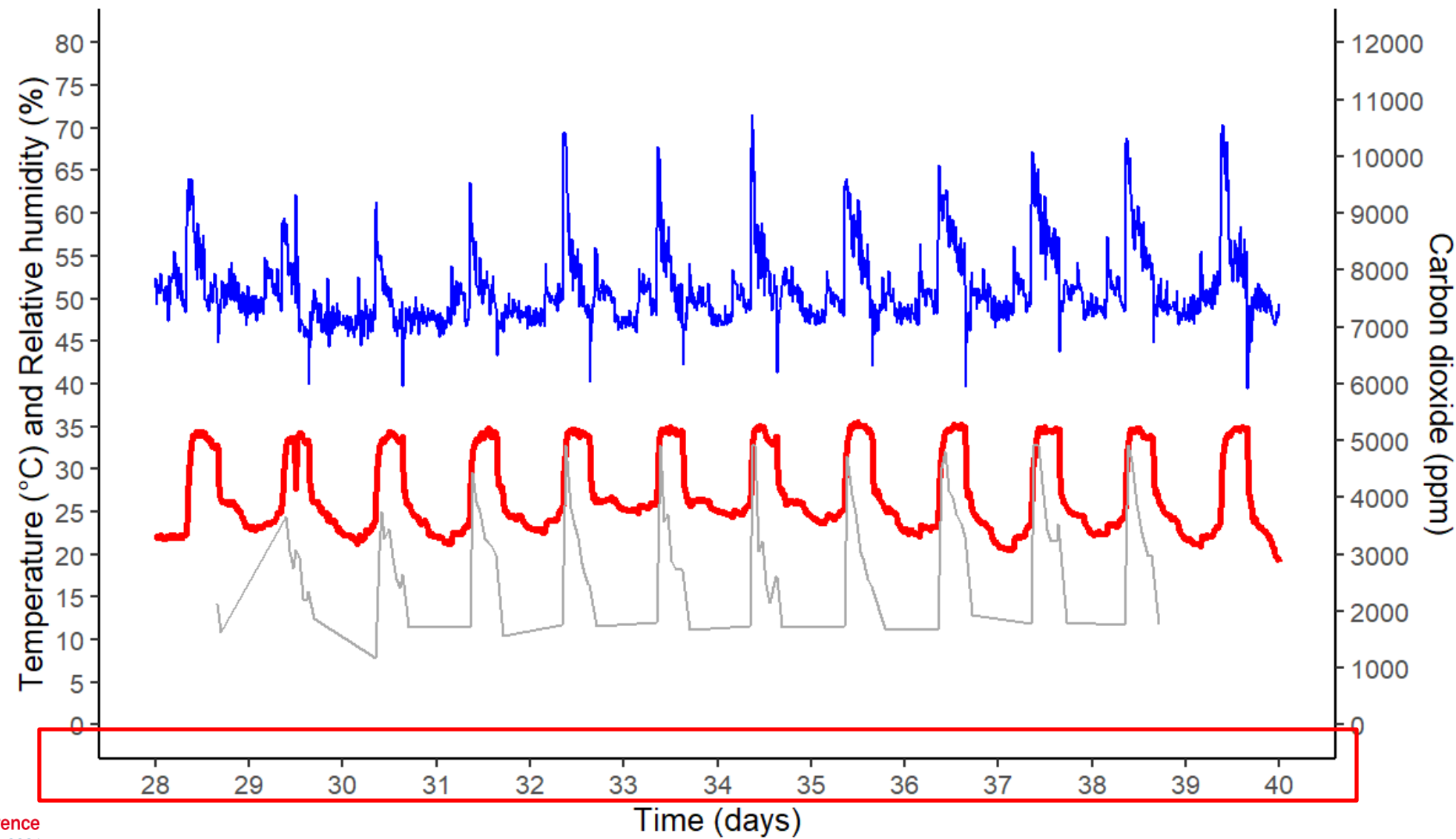
T3	T4	T2	T1	T4	T2	T1	T3	T2	T1	T3	T4	T1	T3	T4	T2	T3	T2
T2	T4	T3	T1	T4	T3	T2	T1	T3	T1	T4	T2	T2	T1	T3	T4	T1	T4

EXPERIMENTAL SET-UP

HEAT STRESS PROTOCOL



Heat stress broilers



TREATMENTS

DRINKING WATER

All treatments provided from day 26



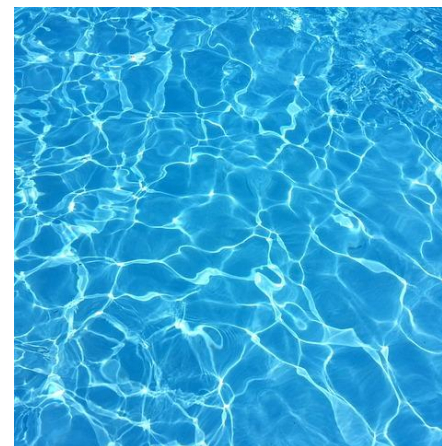
Electrolyzed reduced
water (10%)



Functional
amino acids



Electrolyzed reduced
water (100%)

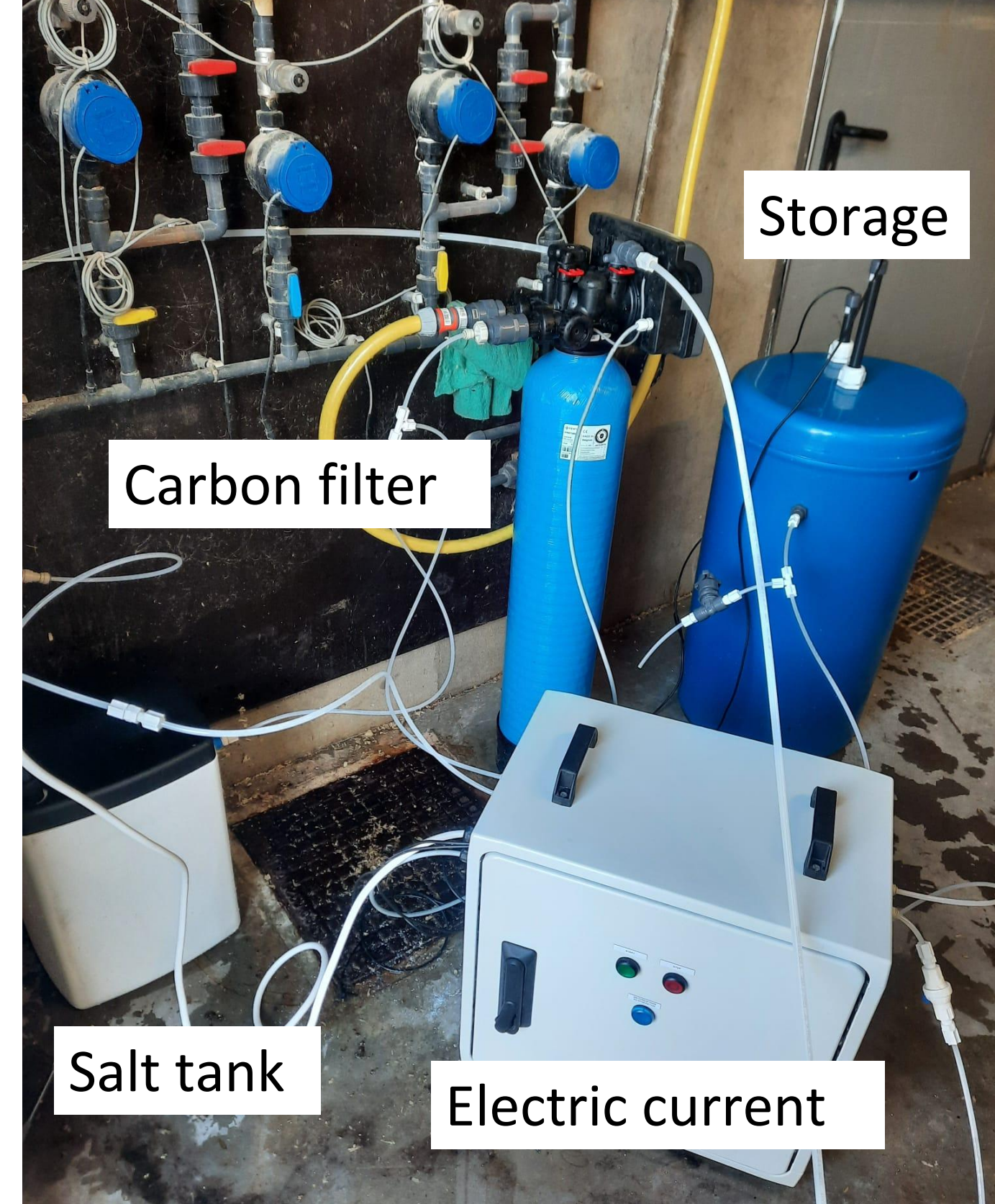
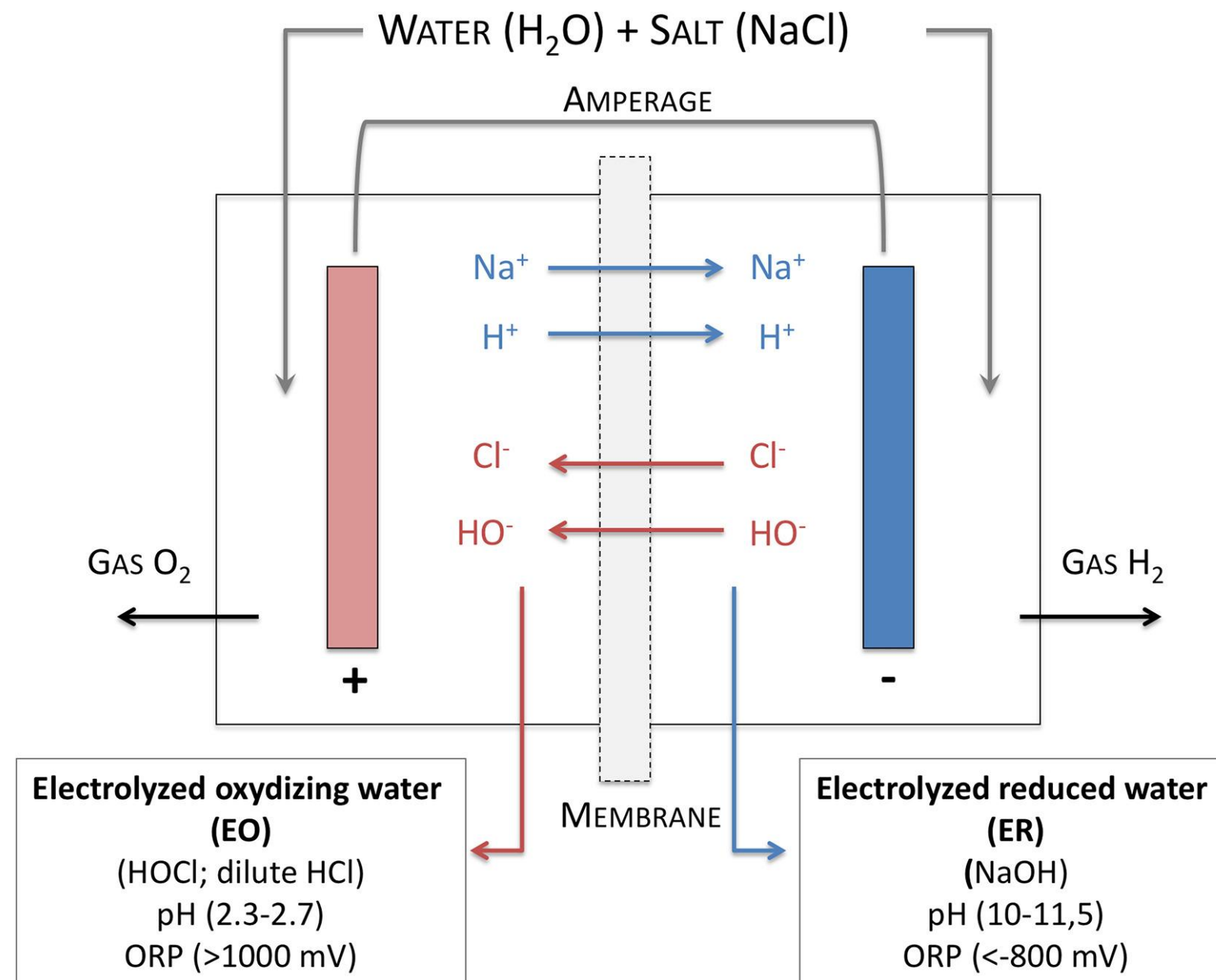


Control



TREATMENTS

ELECTROLYZED REDUCED WATER



TREATMENTS

FUNCTIONAL AMINO ACIDS



L-arginine (4,5 g/L)

- Essential AA
- ↑ immunity
- Stimulates glutathione synthesis and activates Nrf2 pathway
- Precursor for the synthesis of creatine, polyamines, and nitric oxide (NO)
- Stimulates secretion of insulin-like growth factors

L-monosodiumglutamate (3 g/L)

- Sodium salt of glutamic acid
- ↑ intestinal immunity

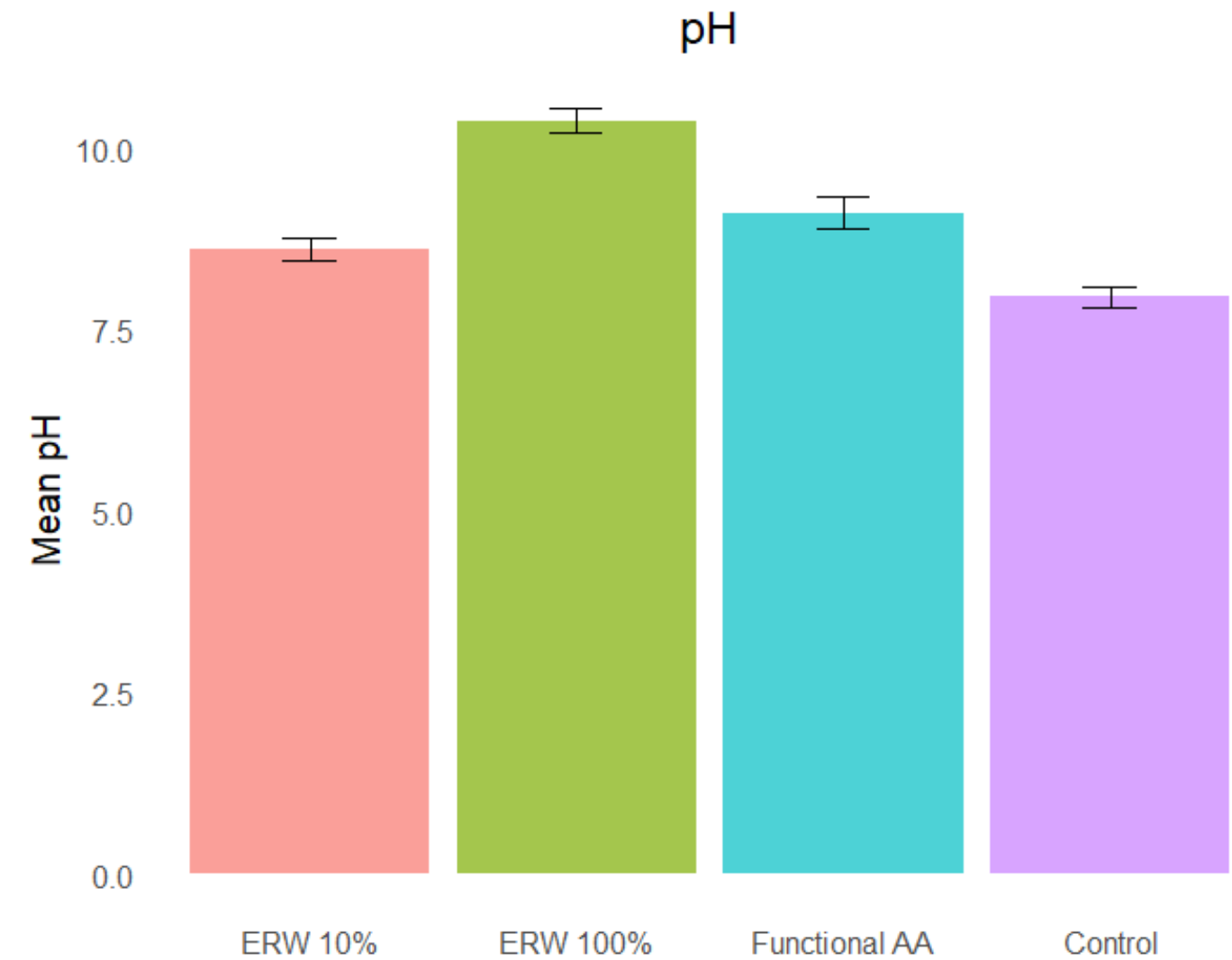
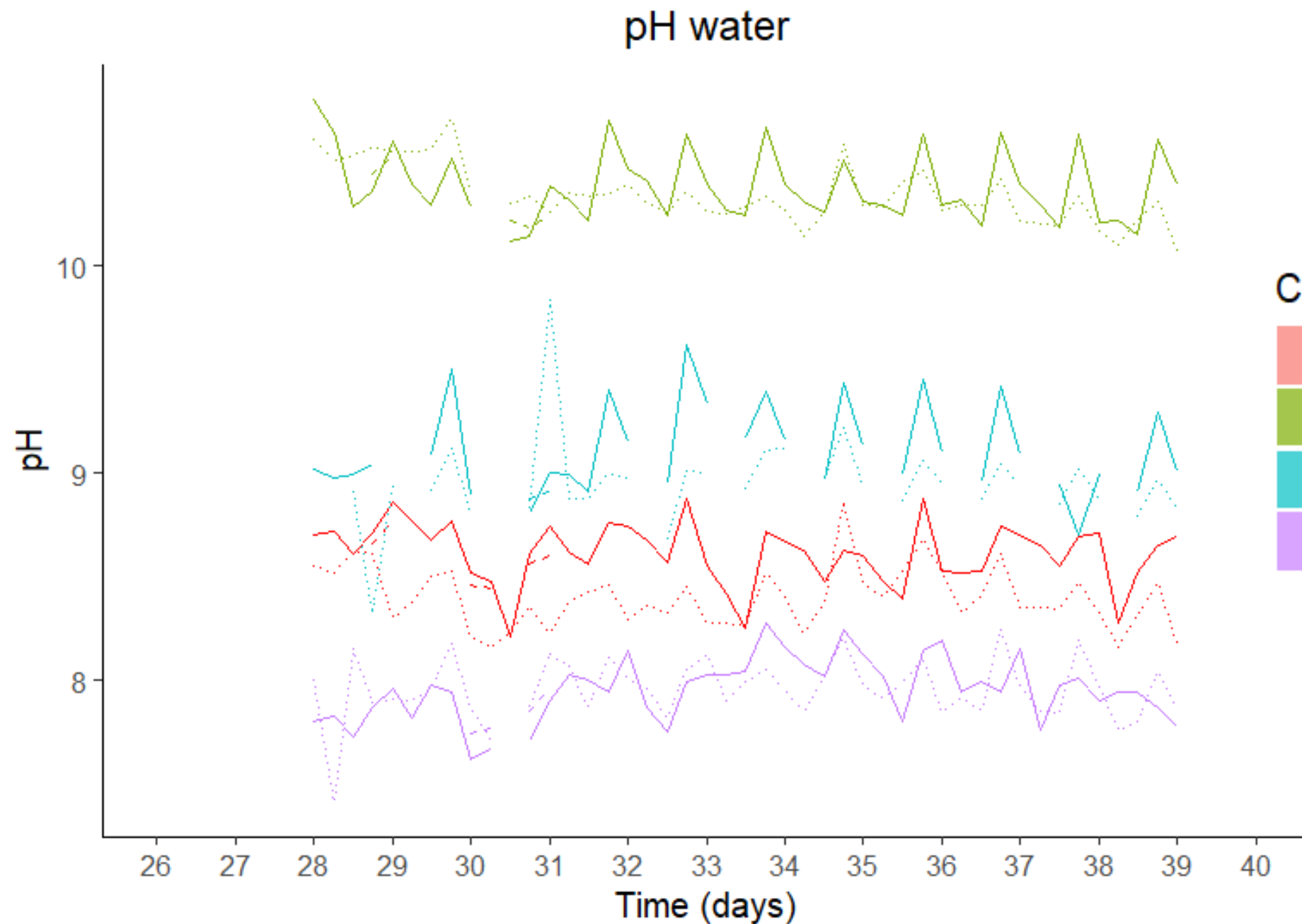
L-threonine (2,5 g/L)

- Essential AA
- Major component of intestinal mucin
- Major component of immunoglobulins

RESULTS

DRINKING WATER pH

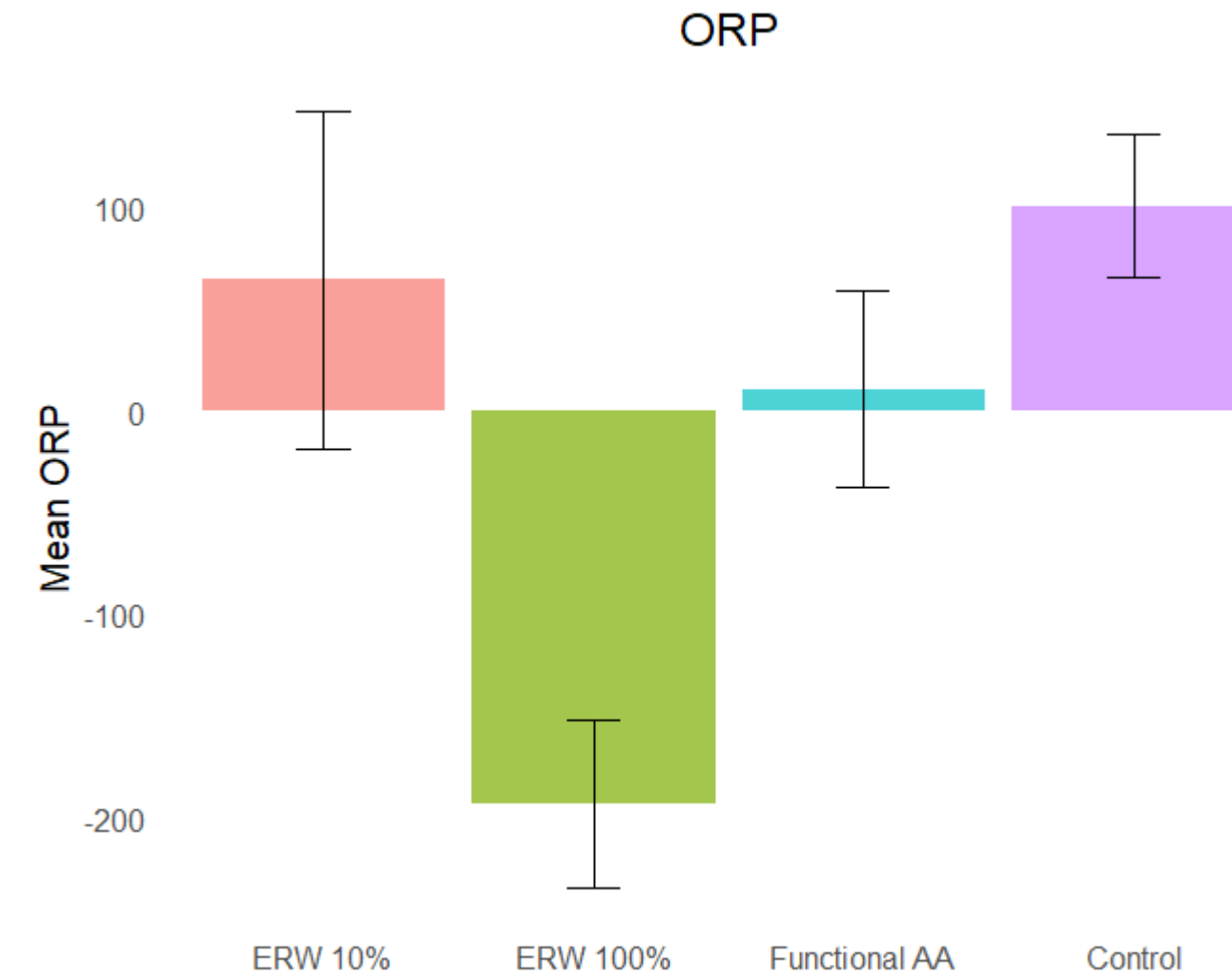
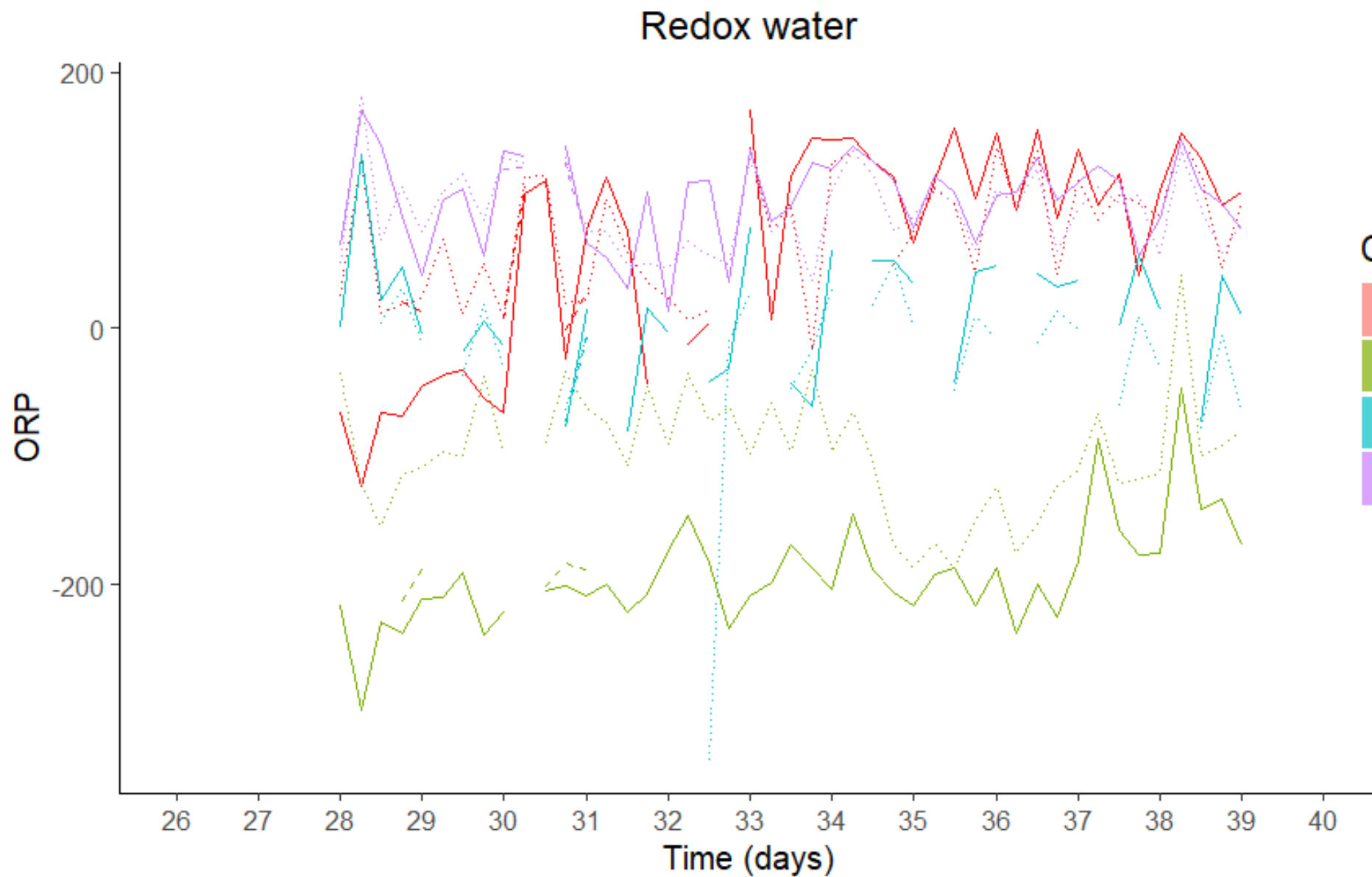
- 3 times/day
- At the start and end of drinking water line



RESULTS

OXIDATION-REDUCTION POTENTIAL (ORP)

- 3 times/day
- At the start and end of drinking water line



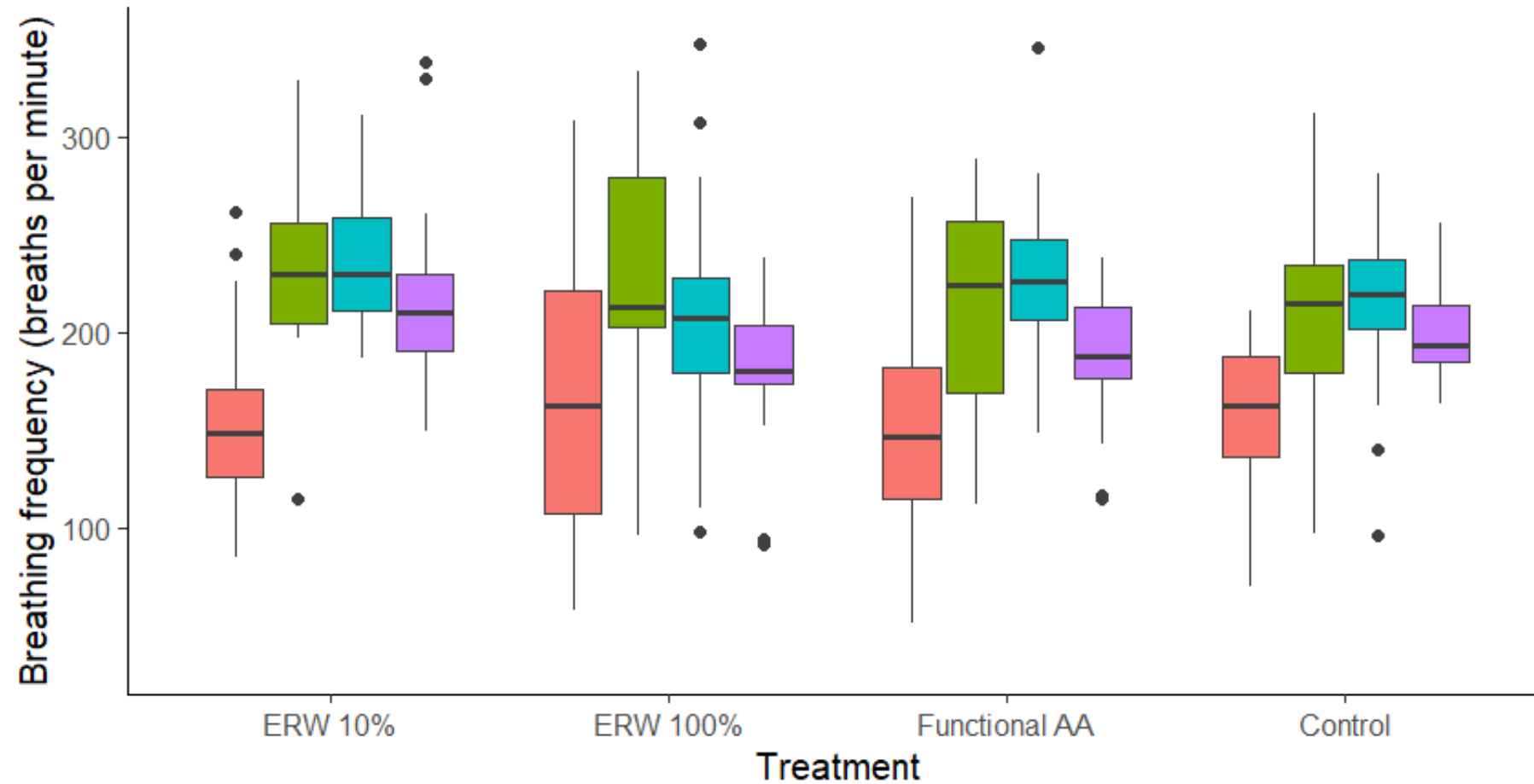
RESULTS

ANIMAL PARAMETERS



Breathing frequency

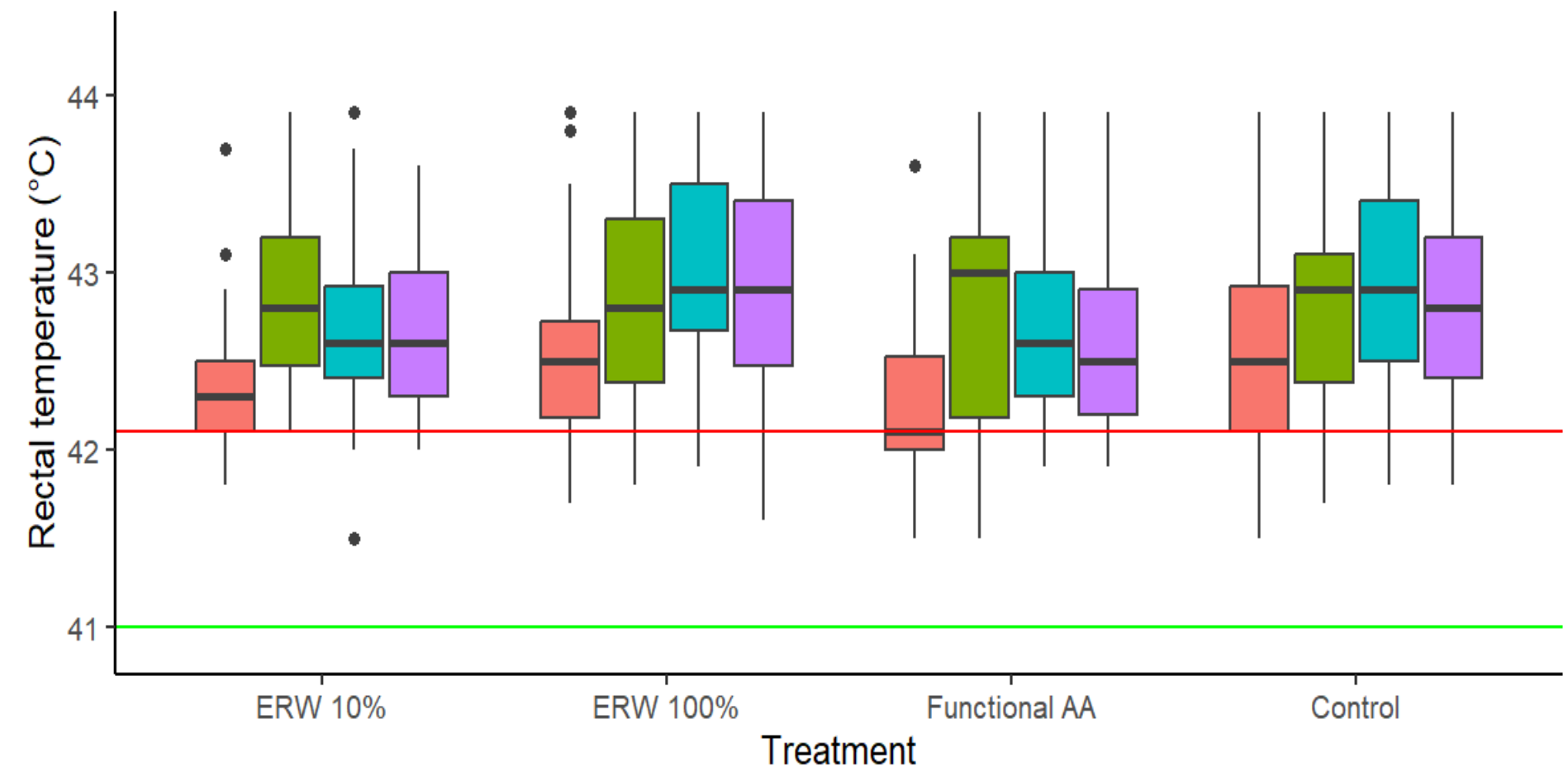
Day of measurement ■ 27 (a) ■ 31 (c) ■ 35 (c) ■ 38 (b)



- 2 chickens per pen
- 9 pens/treatment

Rectal temperature

Day of measurement ■ 27 (a) ■ 31 (b) ■ 35 (b) ■ 38 (b)



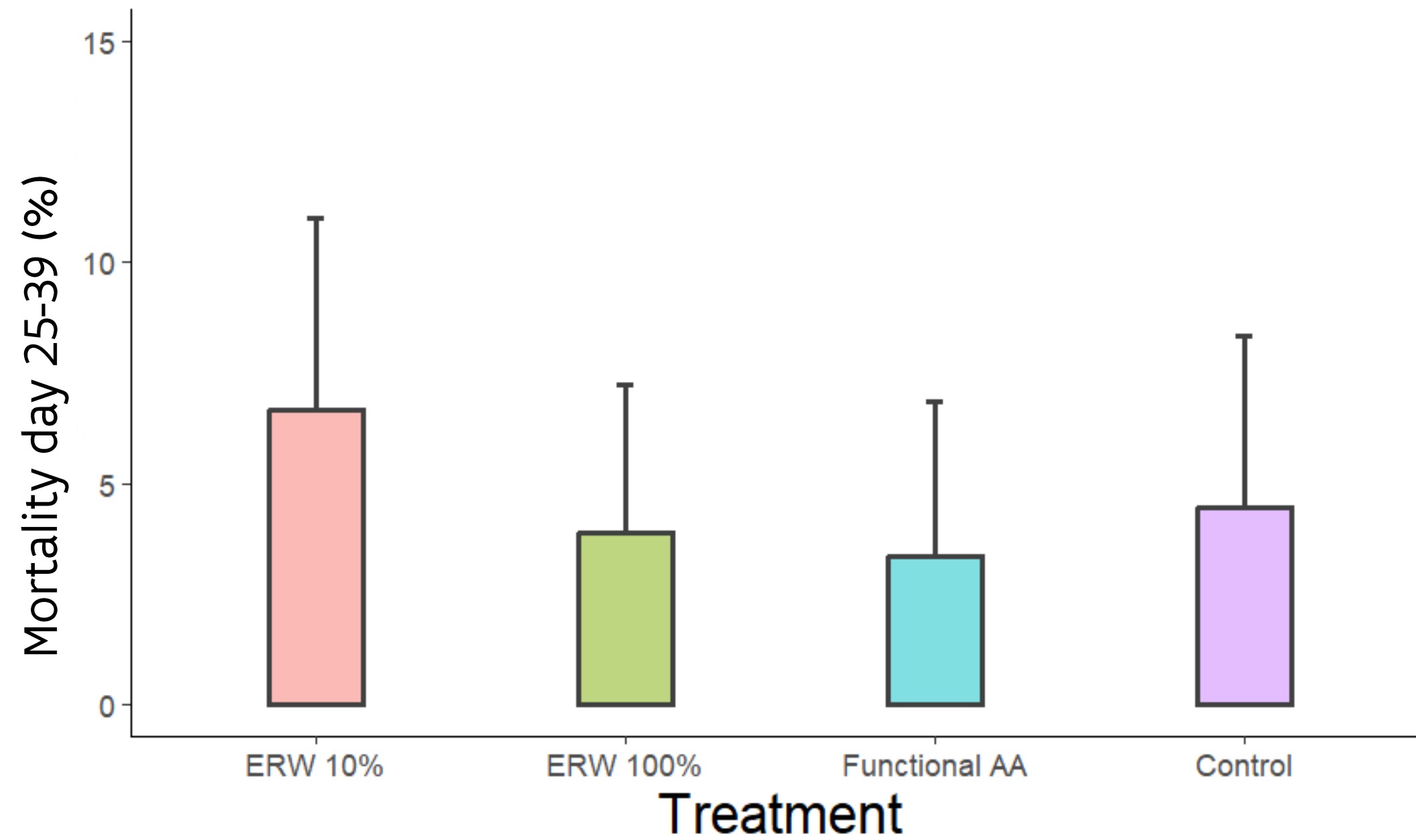
- No effect of treatments ($p = 0,629$)
- Increased breathing frequency and rectal temperature at d31, 35 and 38 compared to d25 ($p < 0,01$)

- 4 chickens per pen
- 9 pens/treatment

RESULTS

MORTALITY

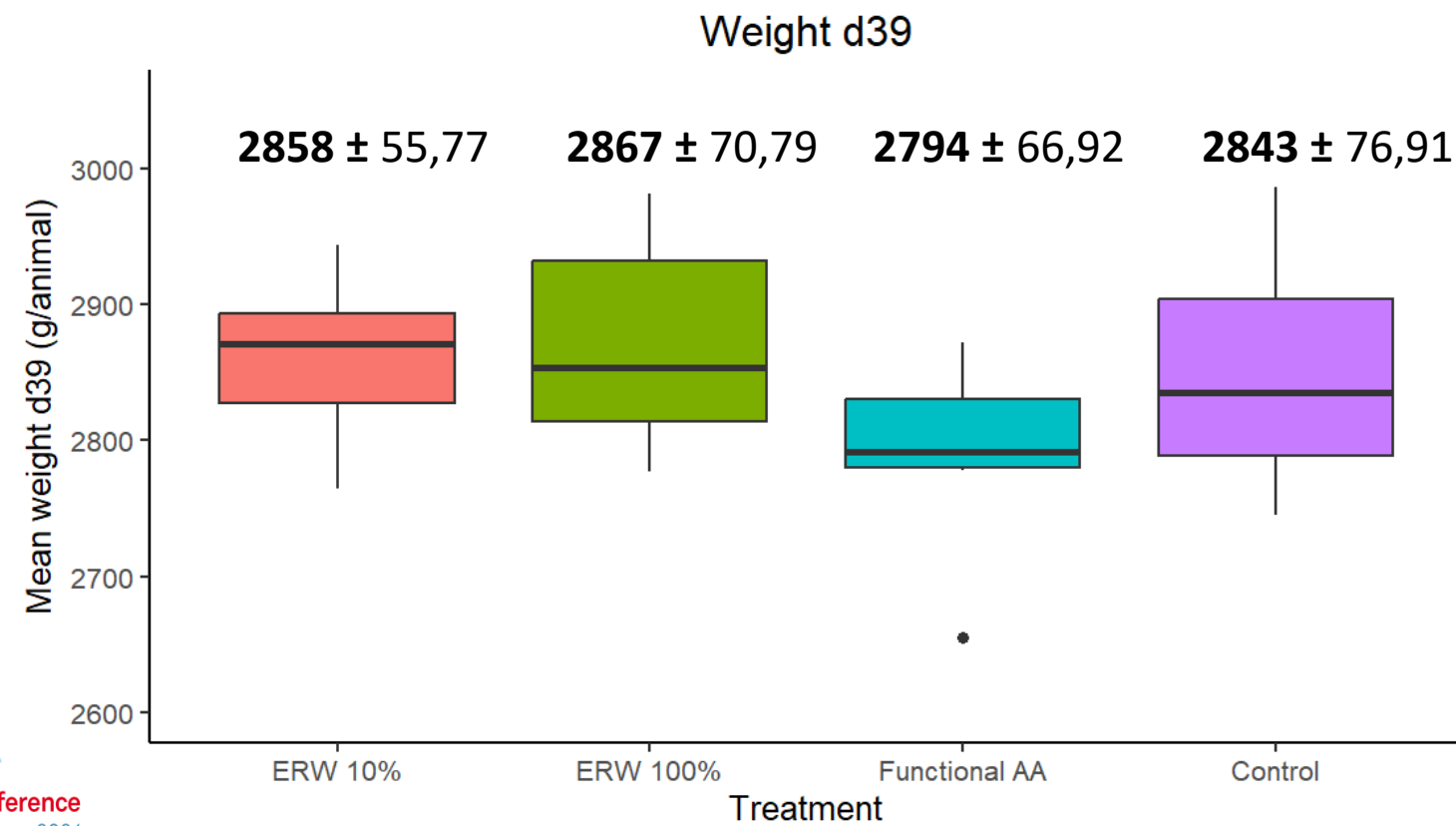
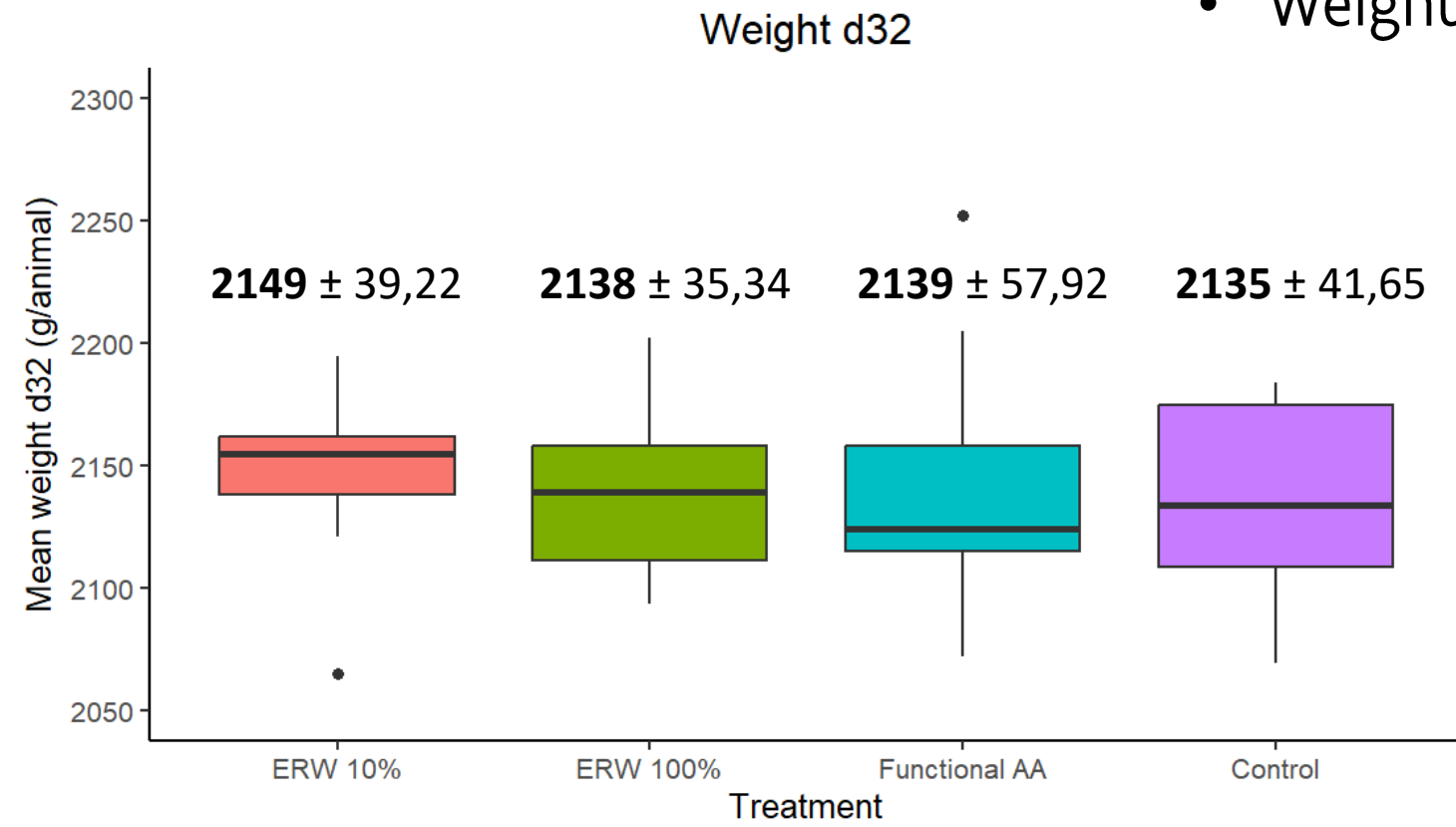
Mortality day 25-39



RESULTS

FUNCTIONAL AMINO ACIDS

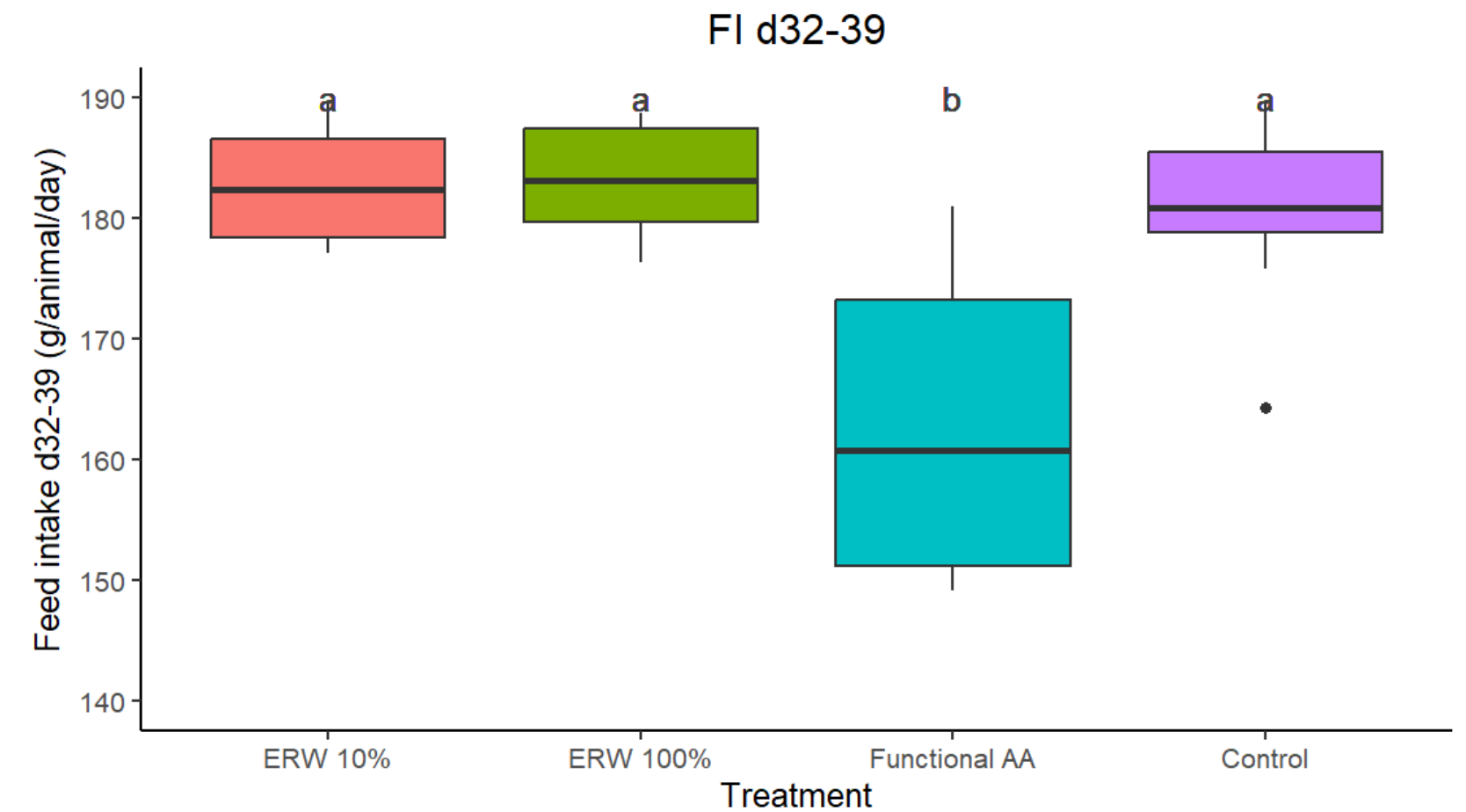
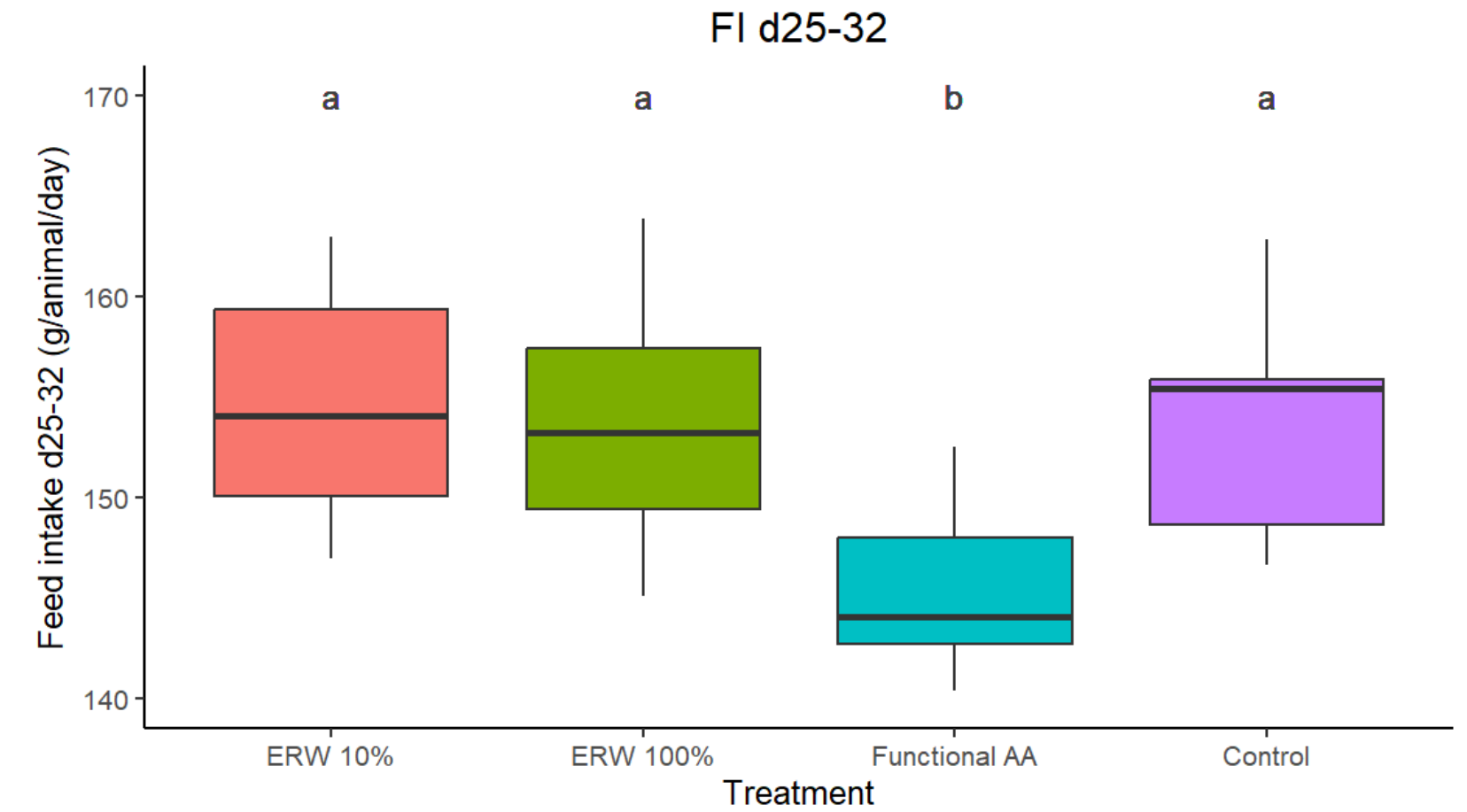
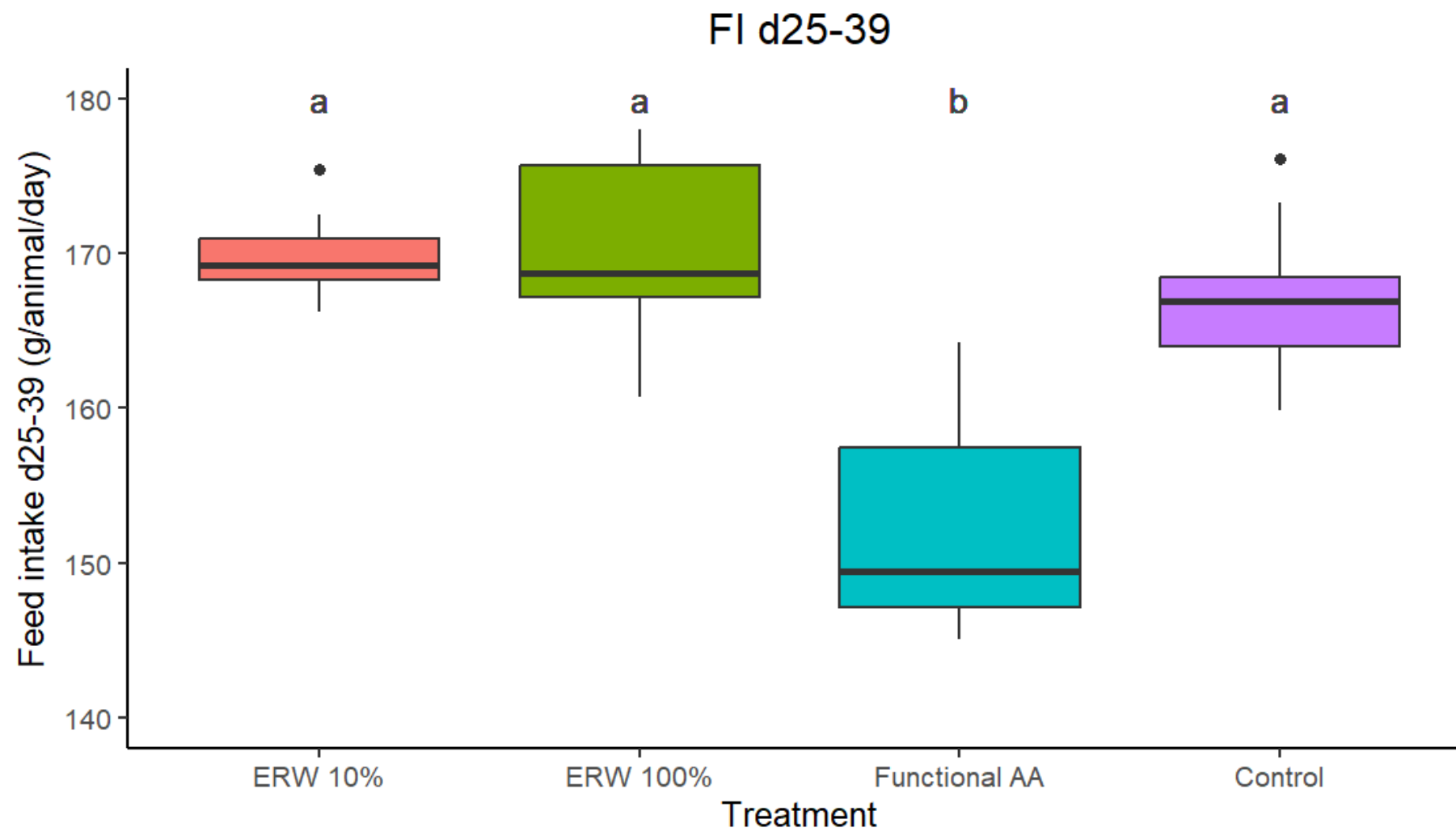
- Weight d32: $p = 0,924$
- Weight d39: $p = 0,150$



RESULTS

FEED INTAKE

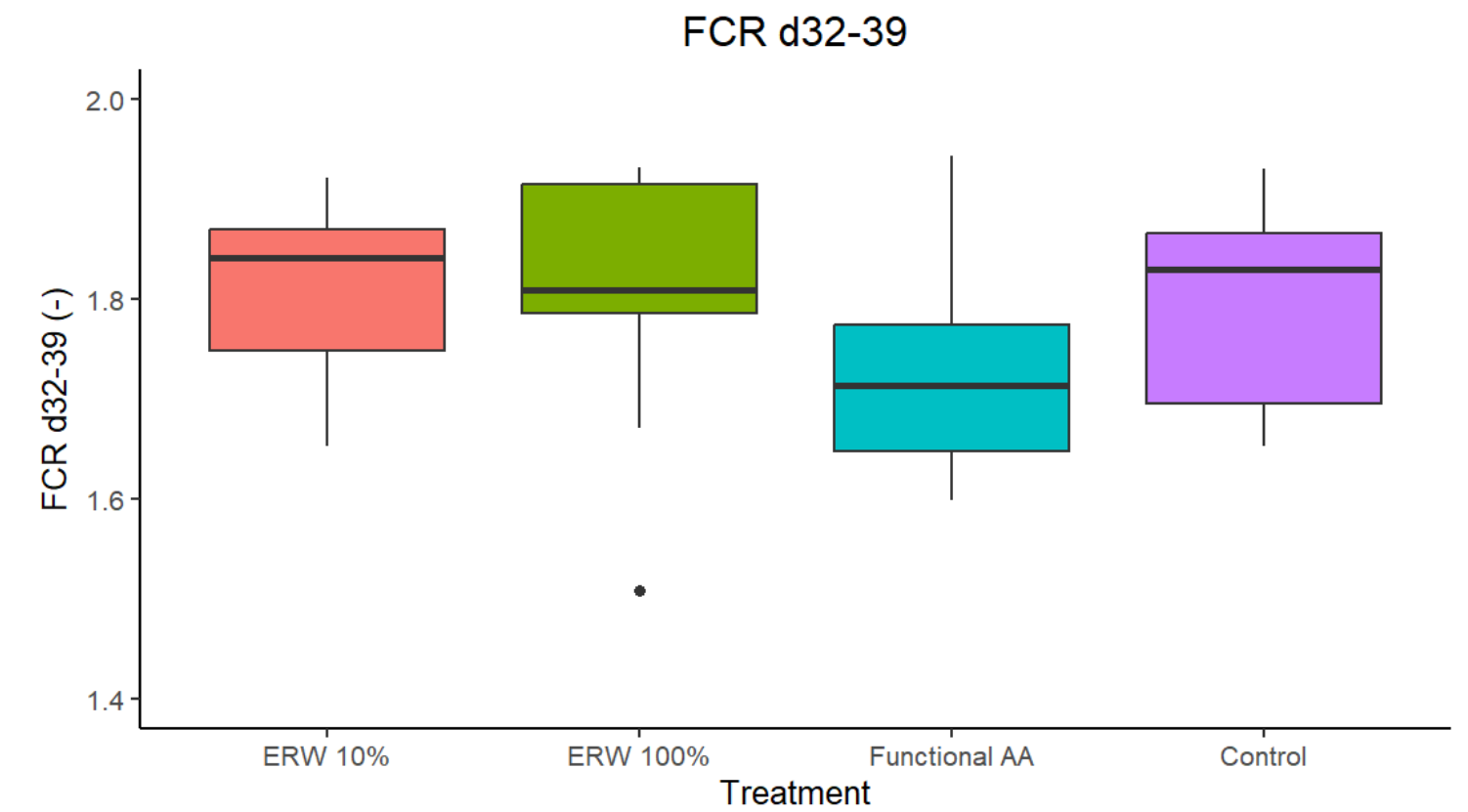
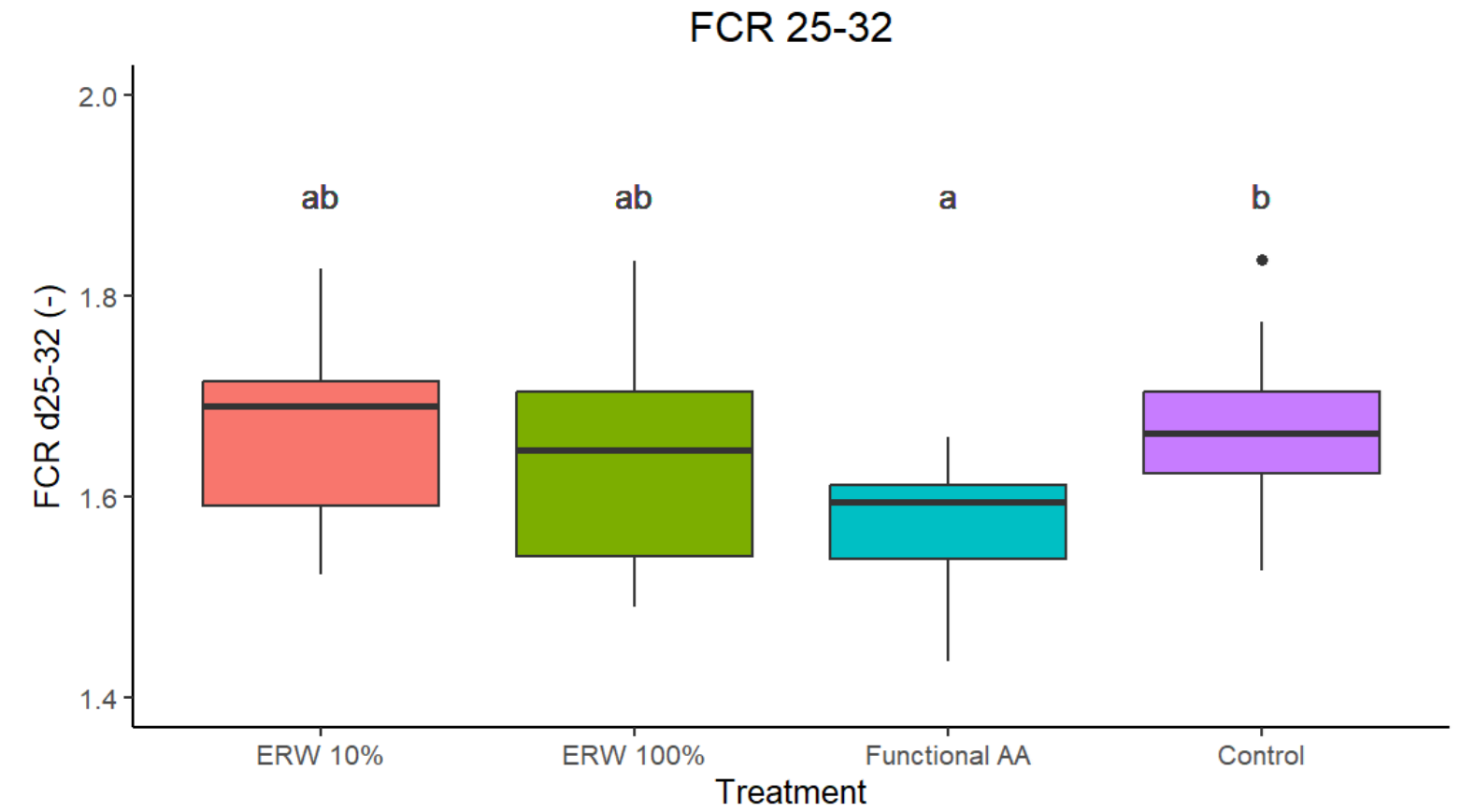
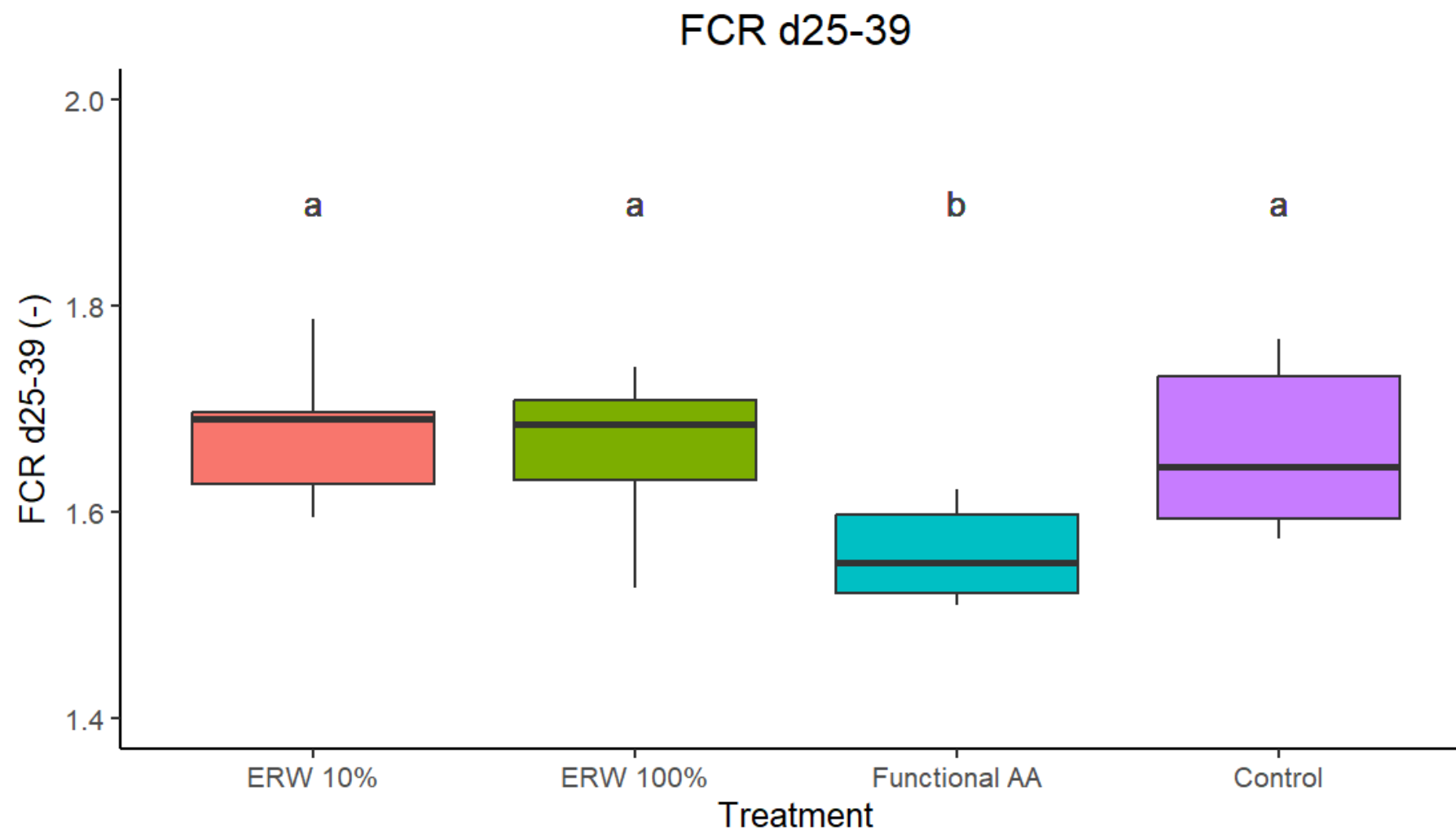
- Feed intake d25-32: $p < 0,01$
- Feed intake d32-39: $p < 0,01$
- Feed intake d25-39 (**-5,2%**): $p < 0,01$



RESULTS

FEED CONVERSION

- Feed conversion ratio 25-32: $p = 0,03$
- Feed conversion ratio d32-39: $p = 0,272$
- Feed conversion ratio 25-39 **(-6,1%)**: $p < 0,01$



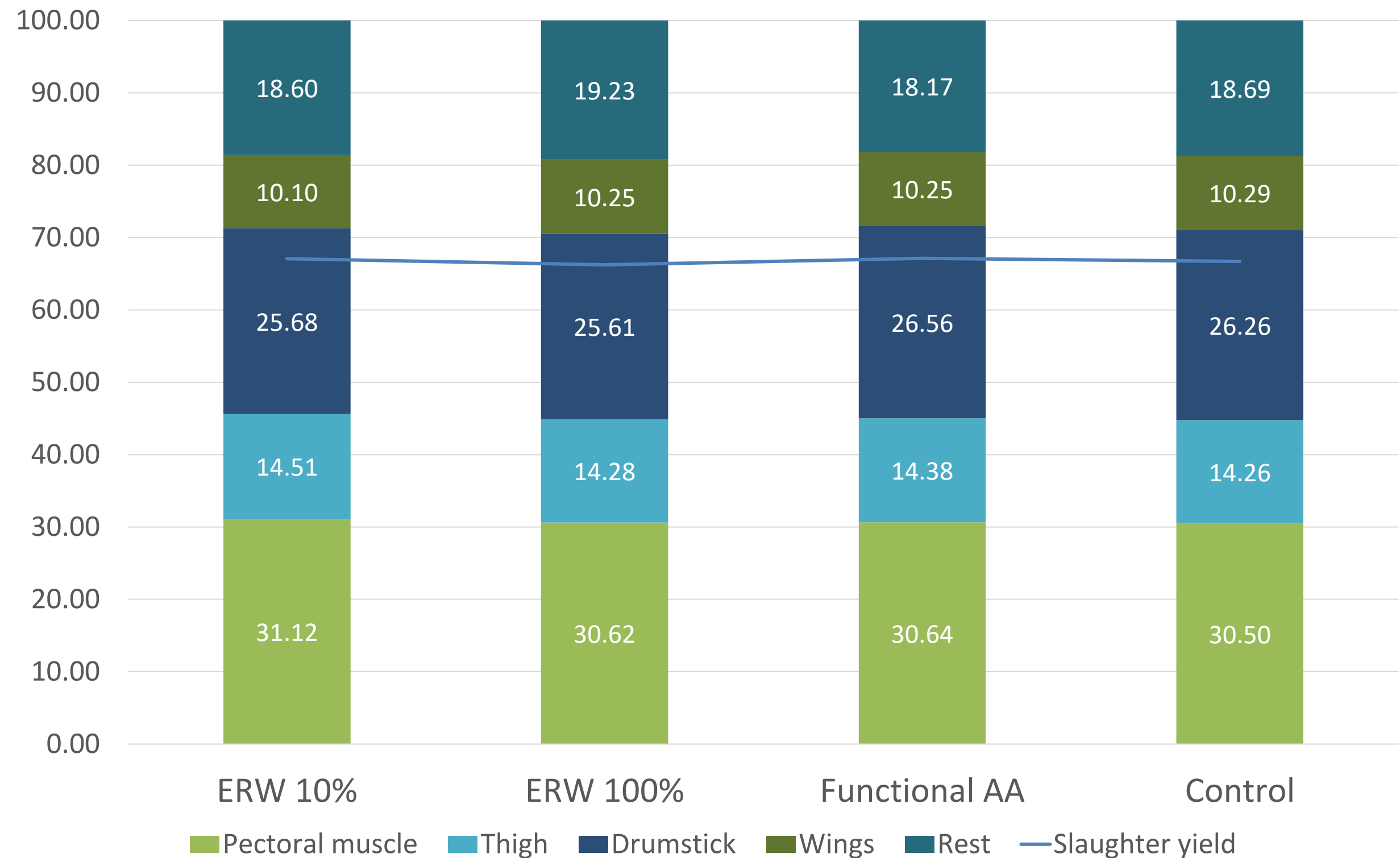
RESULTS

MEAT QUALITY

- Slaughter yield: $p = 0,517$
- Pectoral muscle: $p = 0,390$
- Thigh: $p = 0,241$
- Drumstick: $p = 0,251$
- Wings: $p = 0,855$
- Rest: $p = 0,102$



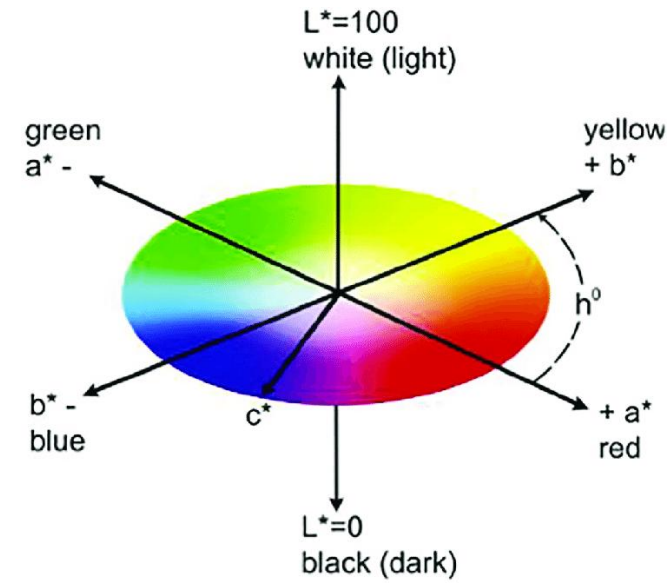
Slaughter yield (d39)



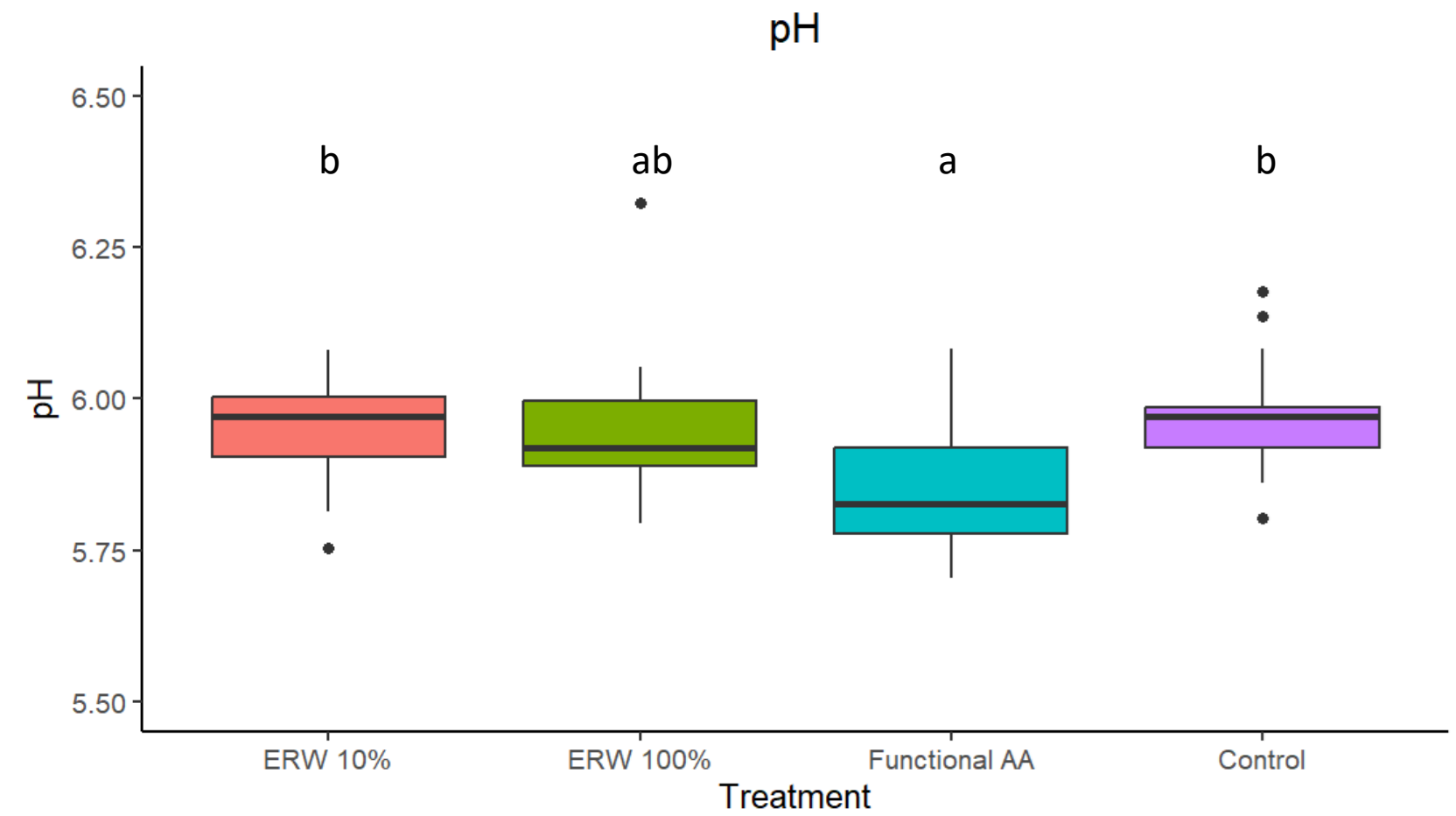
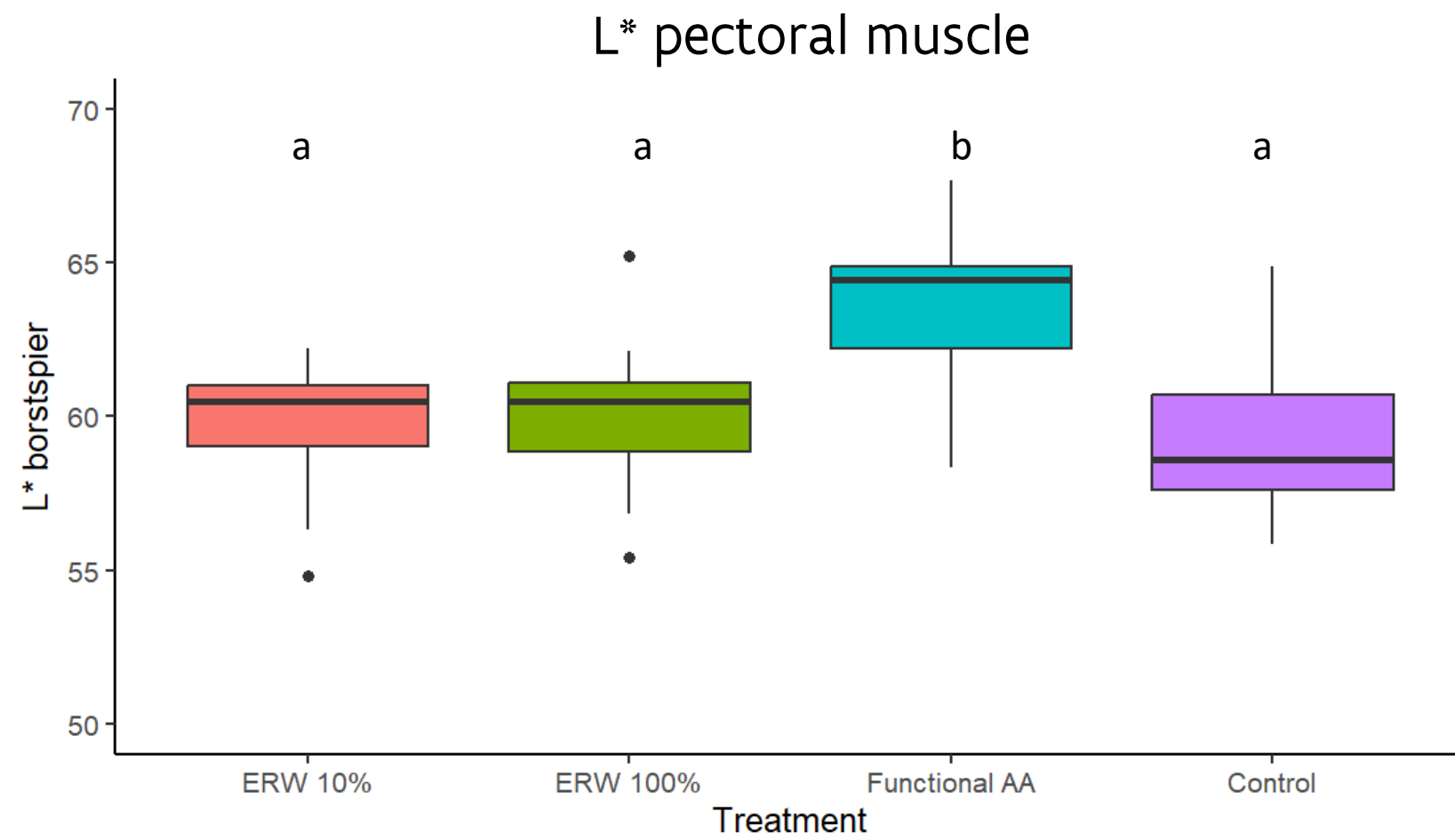
- 3 chickens with a mean weight per pen
- 7 pens/treatment

RESULTS

pH & COLOUR



- Colour:
 - L*: $p < 0,01$
 - A* en B* no difference
- pH: $p = 0,01$

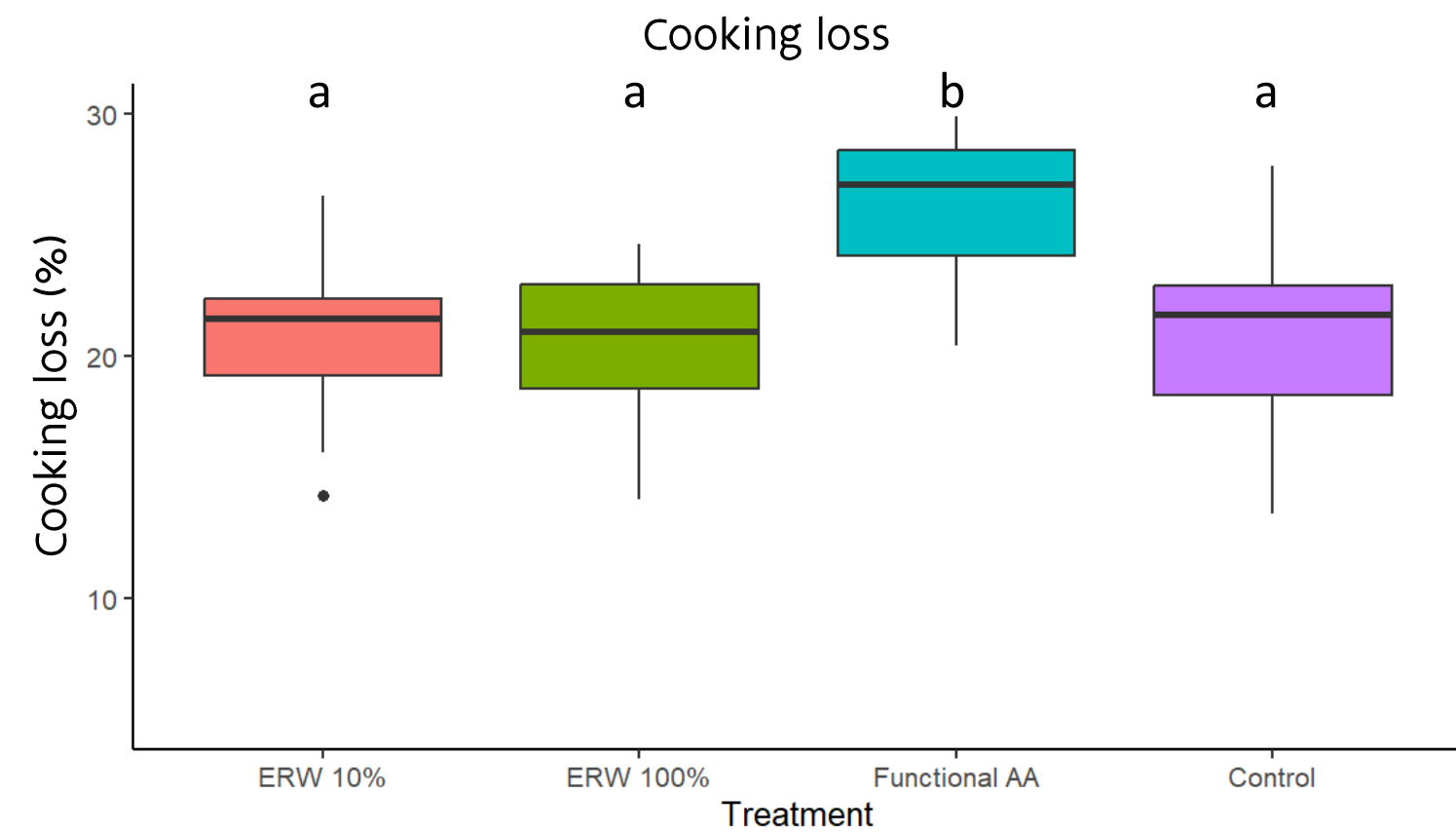
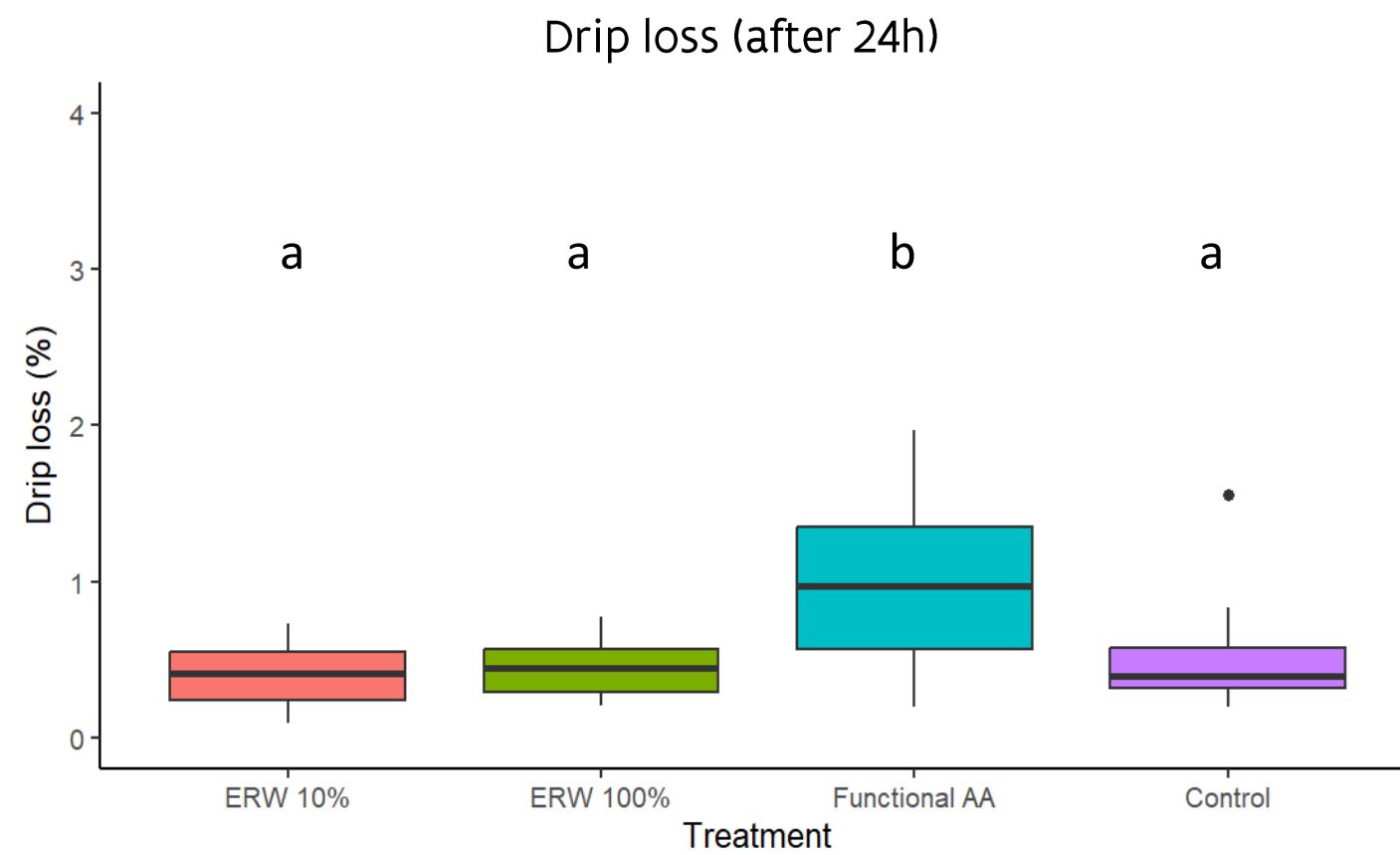
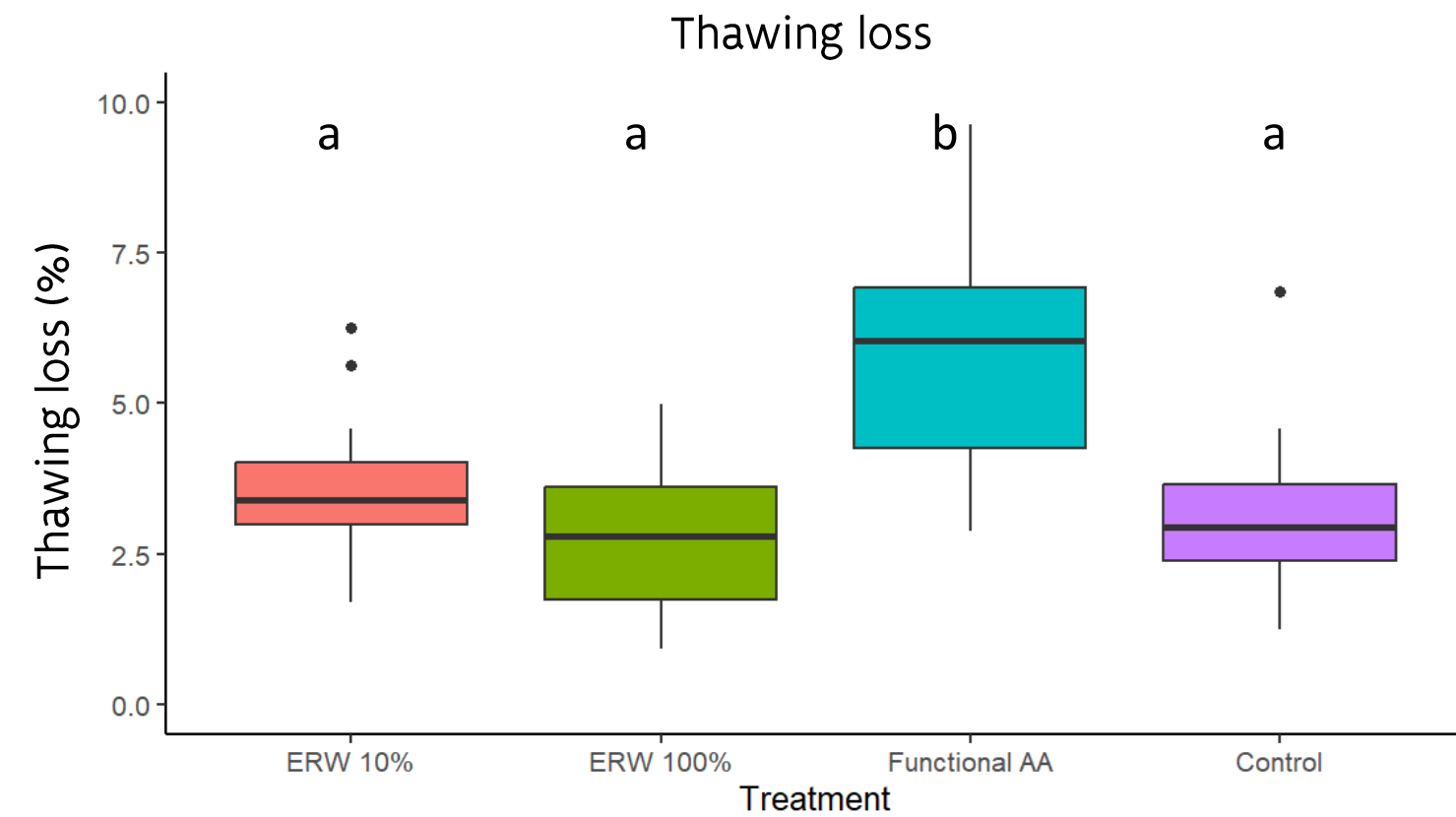


- 3 chickens with a mean weight per pen
- 7 pens/treatment

RESULTS

WATER HOLDING CAPACITY

- Thawing loss: $p < 0,01$
- Cooking loss: $p < 0,01$
- Drip loss: $p < 0,01$





CONCLUSION

- Heat stress model was effective
 - No effects of electrolyzed reduced water at 10% or 100%
 - Functional amino acids in drinking water during d25-39:
 - Reduced growth and feed intake, but better feed conversion ratio
 - No effects on final BW or carcass yield
 - Pectoral muscle: paler, lower pH
 - Lower water holding capacity
- Reason:
- Concentration suboptimal?
 - Other factors (e.g. contamination)?

Thank you

Questions?



Contact: renee.debaets@ilvo.vlaanderen.be

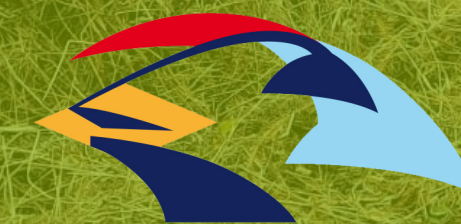
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